American Computer Science League All-Star

3. Hexgrid Walk

PROBLEM: Consider the grid of hexagons shown at the right. The grid extends upward infinitely and to the right for 26 columns.

One can move from cell to cell across the borders of the cells. The direction of the move is given by the numbers 1 through 6 as shown below:

> Cy Sylver

For example, starting at B2, the path 22435 would end up at cell D1: B2 to C2 to D3 to D2 to E1 to D1. See the diagram at the right.

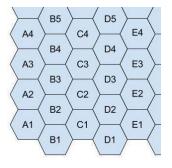
In this program, you will be given a starting location and a sequence of moves, you need to report the ending location. If a move would take you off the grid, ignore that move, but continue to process the remaining moves in the sequence.

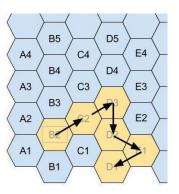
INPUT: There will be 10 lines of input. Each line will

contain two strings. The first string s is the starting location. It is a letter (A through Z) followed by a number. The second string m contains a series of digits representing the moves (each move is a number 1 through 6). String s will be fewer than 8 characters long, and string m will be fewer than 64 characters long.

OUTPUT: For each line of input, print the final location after the moves have been made, as described above.

SAMPLE INPUT	SAMPLE OUTPUT
B2 22435	1. D1
C4 22435	2. E3
D6 54166231	3. C7
E5 162435	4. E5
E5 162435534261	5. E5
M5 123123123123123	6. U9
G9 3	7. H9
G9 1	8. G10
B2 6163	9. B3
B2 3251616544	10. A2





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TEST DATA		
TEST INPUT	TEST OUTPUT	
D4 123456	1. D4	
E3 654321	2. E3	
K7 63165	3. I8	
E4 44454456445	4. B1	
E4 444544564454334	5. B1	
C5 51515151	6. A8	
X8 34343434	7. Z3	
M9 121	8. N12	
K37 233245	9. N36	
G123 54342125654345432123452	10. J118	